Amicus Curiae (Vol. 8, Issue 11)
Women and the Law: Credit Where Credit Is Due

On February 7, the Mary and William Society presented a program about credit discrimination. The program included a videotape from the Women and Law series produced by Seton Hall University and financed by the Exxon Foundation and HECW. There is great concern about this type of discrimination because of the importance of credit in American society. It was emphasized that the work in this area is geared toward securing equality of opportunity of credit. No one suggests that women be given more credit than they deserve financially. There are five major areas of credit discrimination. These are:

1. Single women have more difficulty receiving credit than single men.
2. Women must reaply for credit when they marry and men do not.
3. Married women cannot obtain credit in their own name.
4. The wife’s salary cannot be taken into account when credit is applied for.
5. Women or separated women’s difficulty in reestablishing credit.

Credit discrimination based on sex or marital status continues despite the lack of study to find if there are more women in Africa with no credit risk. Instead there has been a tendency to rely on traditional views that a woman is expected to marry, raise children, and leave the work force.

The few studies that have been done indicate that sex is not an important factor in credit risk. While marital status makes a difference, the distinction is caused by the fact that divorced men are a poor credit risk. Divorced women are a poor credit risk, however, than married women.

Single women do not have a great deal of trouble obtaining short term credit, but there are many forms of long term credit.

The problem, however, is obtaining long term loans. No one suggests that credit is applied for.

The divorced woman is faced with the second big problem facing the divorced woman in the lack of a credit history. Since credit is usually extended only in the husband’s name, the wife can not take advantage of a good credit history after divorce despite any contribution she might be making to the family income.

It’s to Laugh

(Continued on page 2)

Faculty Profile:

Powell’s Career Long & Distinguished

By Emeric Fischer

Places Still Available

By Emeric Fischer

New Library Rules Posted

The Library Committee met on Wednesday, February 2, 1977, to formulate new library regulations. The following regulations and procedures were agreed upon and approved by the faculty at its meeting Thursday, Feb. 3, 1977.

1) Library hours are extended on Saturday and Sunday for the remainder of the semester, effective February 5, 1977.

Saturday - 8:00 AM - Midnight
Sunday - 8:00 AM - Midnight

The extended hours are applicable to Marshall-Wythe and Cameron students. Students must have their I.D. cards with them.

2) Law Review students will continue to enjoy the right to use the library after the official closing hours on the following conditions:
   a) On Monday of each week, the Editor-in-Chief of the Law Review must supply the Law Library with a list of students who will require access to the library after hours during the next seven days.
   b) All Law Review students who remain in the library must sign in at the official close of library hours and then sign out when they leave the library. The register will be kept at the circulation desk.
   c) Exceptions for students other than Law Review must be cleared with the Faculty Advisor and the Law Librarian. No staff member is authorized to make the exception. In the absence of the Law Librarian, the Associate Law Librarian will make the exception.

3) All smoking, food and beverages are prohibited. This rule applies to both Marshall-Wythe and Cameron and will become effective as soon as signs can be made and posted.

Ms. Herriot, Law Librarian, will be glad to discuss any of the new regulations.
Out of the Closet... and Into the Library?

The following editorial appeared in the Harvard Law School's Harvard Law Record. We reprint it in its entirety and likewise offer support for shelving Gilbert's Outlines at Marshall-Wythe.

The Committee on Legal Education is now considering the possibility of placing Gilbert's Outlines in the Law School library. We urge that there be such a quick decision in favor of shelving the outlines in the library. Quick action is needed to insure that Gilbert's will be in the library in time for those who wish to use them to prepare for this semester's exams.

While some students never use Gilbert's, many do. The outlines in the library are available in most book stores as well as in the Law School property — the Coop outlet in the Hark.

We feel there is no justification for the intellectual snobbery that has barred Gilbert's from the law school library. While some students never use Gilbert's, many do.

In 1966, he left the Army and went to work for the Undersecretary of State for Commercial Affairs, Will Clayton. Powell was then given the rank of assistant secretary and a title: Deputy Director, Office of Transportation and Communication Policy.

While traveling in the Philippines in 1947, Powell met Paul L. H. MacKaye, former Governor of Indiana. Director of Manpower in the Roosevelt Administration, he was successively Commissioner of the Philippines and first U.S. Ambassador to the Philippines. He had formed a law partnership which lasted until 1949, at which time Mr. MacKaye became too ill to practice.

In 1956, the senior partner in Powell, Dorset, Blum & White, Powell became Special Counsel to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. It is in this capacity that he received the "White House Medal of Merit" from the President of the Continental Trust Bank of Salt Lake City. This bank was maintaining insufficient reserves, and the Board of Governors sent a letter requiring it to take steps or the Board would be forced to handle the matter. The Governor of the bank, independently-minded fellow, sent a message to the Board of Governors, telling them that offering him to increase his reserves would be like "stuffing butter up a wildcat's ass with a pet wiz.

The Board was, to say the least, somewhat displeased at the presumptuousness of the bank's entry into negotiations with the bank's attorneys. The attorneys of the bank proposed a session with a large package and handed it to Powell. Inside, before the staff opened it, there was a stick of butter, and one screwdriver. The last two items have since disappeared and the wildcat continues to hold a place of honor at Powell's home in Gloucester.

Discrimination, Cont'd.

may have made to that history. On the other hand, credit rationing developed in the husband's name will tend to follow the wife.

Various remedies have been proposed or are in effect. Twenty states, for example, have laws dealing with credit discrimination. There are also several avenues open under federal law. These federal remedies have not proved to be completely effective to date. However, an order under constitutional guarantees must show that there is a state action involved.

The legislation proposed on the federal level presents the dual problems of conflict with state law and the necessity for action by agencies more accustomed to handling financial problems than with discrimination.

Although there have been advancements made in this area, the problem is far from solved. The need now is for laws which will give women the greatest protection without requiring too much m Yunette, for example, in the government.

Second, the appointment of Mr. Warner to negotiate for us at the SALT talks smacks of leaving a 6-year-old to guard the cookie jar. Without impugning Warner's motives, it is safe to say he may not be a good negotiator — or that a suspicious Congress will give him a chance to be less than tough — but the nomination does raise further questions about whether he has not adequate training in the field.

Finally, there is the matter of Mr. Congressman-Ambassador Young. The appointment was surpising, and until Mr. Young took Warner's air credit card away from him on Sunday last, Ambassador Young enjoyed more visibility and more authority to speak for the Administration. Powell's appointment was perceived as a power play. At the time I was beginning to believe it would work, too. Our sub-Saharan Africa policy, like most of our Third World policy, has been a disaster, and Young seemed to have the qualifications for turning it around. Mr. Young, however, is exceedingly ambitious, and the UN Ambassadorship, Mr. Moynihan's expected, has never been one of the choicer stepping stones in American politics. Mr. Young should be...
Nolan, Ronca seek SBA Presidency

Nolan

Whereas my resume is conspicuously lacking in facts that might recommend me to an employer and whereas I don't care if you are tired of seeing my name on the ballot, I feel compelled once again to seek high office.

Since there do not appear to be any issues, I shall endeavor to create some for the edification, enlightenment and amusement of you, the citizens of democracy.

The first order of business of the SBA should be the revision of its policy of seeking funds to save our beleaguered law school. Instead of begging for money which the state can ill afford to spend on a project of such doubtful utility, I suggest we enter into tripartite negotiations with the legislature and the Board of Trustees of the University of Virginia Law School. What I propose is this:

In return for our agreement to cease begging for funds, we hereby will save the legislature and the Board of Trustees from the embarrassment of having to go back on its promise, we receive for input? What exactly is meant by input? Were the bullets fired by input? Were the bullets fired by input? Was the American public aware of this fact? Let's spell it out.

I'm concerned about minority recruitment. I don't see why the only money spent on it should be the small sums the SBA and BALSA can afford. I propose our organizing a coordinated effort by all the graduate programs to get the College to pick up the burden and the expenses.

5) I support the establishment of a chapter of the Public Interest Research Group on campus. It will open up valuable educational opportunities to students. But, since PIRG's are usually funded by fees collected directly from students when they're billed for tuition, I think the SBA should support one only if the funding scheme is purely voluntary.

6) College relations — right now, our relations with SBA are good, and should stay that way, free of the needless controversies of recent years. However, there may be a major reorganization of the College's student government in the offfing, and if there is, it is the duty of the SBA to see that the Law School loses none of its autonomy in the process. These are my promises, not necessarily of success, but of duty of the

March 31, 1977 Amicus Curiae Page 2

Equal Justice, Cont'd.

betrayed the most fundamental precepts of our constitutional order.

The point I mean to make by this recitation of national tragedies is that we cannot reform the system of justice in the nation as a whole once more summum the resolve to act decisively in the face of these great social problems. We may have a long wait.

In the interim, snow and cold, thermostats are not alone in being lowered. Our expectations as well have been dashed down. Our leading politicians talk of limiting our goals; they propose solutions which are not as they are. I would feel more comfortable about all of this if I thought that the consensus among our political leaders was the product of an informed and intelligent judgment. I fear that much of the current rhetoric, however, is more the result of a desire to avoid facing our problems at all.

We, as lawyers, law students and, I believe, the legal profession, have the responsibility for the conduct of our legal system. The training we get in the law schools, and in the practice equips us to address constructively and persuasively any inadequacy of our system, and, if necessary, to demand adequate legal services to a far greater number of Americans. It seems to me that what we have done above, that the legal system cannot be transformed unless there is a concerted effort from each of us and that effort is also prepared to change. Yet we must begin somewhere and at some time.

The delivery of justice is in our special keeping. In the shadow of a bright sun, we must shine. It should not matter that the national mood is not at present calculated to inspire great confidence in our ultimate success. The risk of failure is more frightening than the likely consequence of not trying at all. Judge Learned Hand wrote as much 60 years ago when he wrote:

"The profession of the law is the noblest of the hands... It must simulate society before a social disaster strikes.It must become organic to remain a living organ. A lawyer must learn to live more capably or become content to find himself continuously less trusted, more circumscribed, till he becomes hardly more than a minor administrator, confined to a watchful province of record and routine, without dignity, inspiration or respect."

There is no ambiguity in the answer of the worthiness of the traditions we are defending or the power of a noble calling.

Hand addressed a generation of lawyers almost all of whom are still practicing, and it presents a challenge, in a different context, now confront us — another generation of people called to be lawyers to be. In shaping our lives and building our careers, can we not work to be remembered as a generation which loved justice and which would not rest until the man among us stood equal before the law?
Giguere Runs for Vice-Presy

Just Hearsay

This Spring the International Law Society is continuing its 1976-77 speaker series with three notable lecturers:

Sunday, February 27, 1977

JACQUES LEROY

Will speak at Professor Wait Williams’ home (101) Curies Circle, First Floor at 3:00 P.M. Mr. Leroy is an international consultant to the National Corporation for Miners with a special topic will be: Negotiating Natural Resources Concessions in a Rapidly Changing World. Members of the International Business Operations Class are also invited to attend. Cocktails and snacks will follow the discussion.

Monday, March 14, 1977

JOEL DAVIDOV

Chief of the Foreign Commerce Section, Anti-Trust Division, Department of Justice, will speak from 2:00-3:15 P.M. in Jones Hall, Room 301. He will present a discussion of United States Anti-Trust Laws, The New United States Anti-Arab Boycott Legislation. Cocktails will follow.

Friday, April 15, 1977

TAXEL PROFESSOR, DOMINIK LASOK

Professor of European Law and Dean of the Faculty at Exeter. Lic. en Droit, University of Fribourg; LL.M., University of Durham; Ph.D. University of London; Dr. Juris, University of Poland; Barrister (Middle Temple), will speak in Room 301 Jones Hall at 2:00-3:15 P.M., with cocktails to follow. His topic will revolve around Establishing a Business Enterprise in a Common Market Country.

Sandwiches
11-2

Res Ipsa Loquitur

124 Prince George St.
 Merchants Square
Tel. 220-0298

Cont’d.
In The Write

cautious lest he slip again, as the political waters of the UN are as murky as the waters of the East River where it oozes past the
nations will lay aside their arsenal of terror-inducing weapons
that calls itself nationalistic — and always at the expense of
seldom be unsaid, and if Mr. Carter, our chief international spokesman, he must practice economy of rhetoric.

As the original comment by

Mr. Young, has become a favorite locale for
money, they have their own language, economy, customs, and — however contemptible — social order. They have buried their ancestors in
meetings. Many law students

do not take advantage of the center, as it can serve as a nice retreat from the law school for lunch or coffee.

The Committee’s office is located on the second floor of the Center, and if you have any suggestions or complaints, feel free to stop by.

Every Friday afternoon, first-year representatives plan to set up a T.G.I.F. Happy Hour. The details of the Happy Hour have yet to be worked out but if the Happy Hour is a success it will be continued throughout the fall semester. The Student Bar Association has allocated the representatives $120.00 on a trial basis.

On February 26, Sunday, the committee is making plans to arrange a group brunch at the Cascades. Hopefully, we will have some complimentary champagne served with the brunch.

On February 26, Saturday, there will be a Student Bar Committee in celebration of the completion of the bar exam (a task almost as difficult as the first year appellate brief assignment). For those who enjoy the higher altitudes, there is also a ski trip offered by the

Billsburg Greener out on Route 60 East. It is a very attractive bar with excellent entertainment.

God took a break after six days of work, and if he needs a break, so do we.

Just Hearsay

SBA Announces Spring Social Events

For those interested in the social happenings of the law school, the following article will explain how the Student Bar Committee of the Student Bar Association operates and what the committee has planned for the upcoming semester.

The Committee is made up of several law students who volunteer their time in hopes that the three year term serves sufficiently what could be enjoyable. The Committee is allocated $120.00 a semester, a meager sum with which to work ($1.60 a student roughly). These funds are allocated to the law school from the Student Finance Committee, who in turn receives them from the general funds of the college.

Because of the limited social budget, we must occasionally charge a small admission fee. The S.B.A. parties are coordinated with the legal fraternity parties, although there is no overlap. Each is a separate event.

The Graduate Student Center, although not yet completed, has become a favorite locale for parties. Although the furnishing of the center is still work in progress, they are greatly improved ever last year. The Center is comfortable and well-suited to a party type atmosphere. Many law students

within recent weeks, Young has advanced overtures to hostile nations — Cuba, Vietnam, Algeria — and several “less than nations” — black African nationalists, the PLO, and every other dubious outfit that calls itself nationalistic — and always at the expense of the white Afrikaners have been in South Africa for generations. Unlike the British in Rhodesia, they have no European “home” to return to. They have their own language, economy, customs, and — however contemptible — social order. They have buried their ancestors in...
Carney, Fields Run for Treasurer

As the deadline for submission of platform approaches, I realize that I cannot adequately convince anyone of my qualifications for treasurer and of my reasons for running for the office in 250 words or less. Furthermore, to extend this discourse beyond that point would most likely result in massive boredom.

Therefore, I will simply say that I feel I am qualified since I have participated in a fair number of extracurricular activities during the past few months. I also feel that there are two basic aspects in which the Student Bar Association should play an active role. The first is in obtaining funding for the new law school building and in increasing public awareness of the potential of the law school. The S.B.A. should also play a more active role in the social life of the school. I have some more concrete ideas on the above subjects. However, those who are not interested in my candidacy have probably already been convinced, so I will cease and desist. For those who are interested, I am around and will gladly talk to you more specifically about any of the above topics.

Once Again: Dribbling Roundballers

By John Rodgers

After suffering an opening loss to the 7ers, another law school team, Blackacre, has won six straight games. Leading the team in scoring is Bruce Gerrity who has scored 9 points per game. He is followed by Stu Ten Hoor (30.4 per game) and Mike Stuart (25.1 per game). In this six game winning streak, Blackacre has buried the Moles, 85-56, and trampled the Young of platforms approaches, I.

In their victory over Chivas, Ward Eason led the team with 31 points. Blackacre has won two games. They blitzkrieged the Young 85-58.

For an untrained squad, the Supreme Court has been a sloppy contest. Whipped Kareem the team with 31 points. Blackacre has won two games. They blitzkrieged the Young 85-58.

For my part, I promise to work hard to accomplish some of our common goals. Except for one or two people, they have little or no competitive experience on the basketball court. Leading the team is Brian Bucklely with 18 points per game. Andy Thurman and Ward Eason are next in line averaging 8 per game each. That being said, the Supreme Court has stopped Madison First, eaten Apple Pie (a team which boasts several infamous law professors), drunk Chivas Regal, 50-40, and shaved the Muffdivers.

In their victory over Chivas, Ward Eason led the team with 31 points. For the most part, though, the Supreme Court has depended on the shooting and rebounding of Chief Justice Brian Bucklely. As he goes, so goes the Supreme Court. To cite a recent example, in the loss to the Tennis Team, Bucklely was late due to an alleged Mata Hari attempt on his life; he showed up, but he seemed a bit tired.

For an untrained squad, the Supreme Court has surprised some people, much to the joy of the law school. Their next game is against Uncle John's Band, another law school menagerie, on Monday at 6 p.m.

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ATLA Events

The Association of Trial Lawyers of America (ATLA), the foremost organization in the country to offer cash rebates to its members, will be sponsoring a Criminal Law Seminar on Thursday, February 24, at 4 p.m. in the Moot Court Room. Keynote speaker will be Judge Robert R. Mehrig, Jr., District Judge for the Eastern District of Virginia. Included in the Commonwealth's Attorney for Surrey County, Gammel G. Poindexter, and Professor Kelly G. Shaver, a psychology researcher on jury selection will also attend. This is the second in a series of seminars sponsored by the ATLA, with an Environmental Law Seminar and Juvenile Law Seminar scheduled for early spring.

The National ATLA has been most cooperative with the student organization over the last few months. In addition to receiving subscriptions from the ATLA Newsletter, the Bar News and Trial Magazine, the Board of Governors presented each student member with a bar

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**Karch Seeks Secretary's Post**

By Timothy J. Sullivan
Associate Dean

Shortly before the end of the fall semester, I was invited to participate in a roundtable discussion devoted to the broad question of whether the American legal system has been reformed to a large extent on an equitable basis to all of our citizens. The symposium was sponsored by the Student Bar Association of Marshall-Wythe. Since the symposium is now failing, I have thought a good deal about the comments of both my fellow panelists and members of the audience. What I have written here not only reflects my own views on a most important subject, but will, I hope, promote continued dialogue among other members of our law school community.

I think it is clear that we do not have a fully-functioning criminal justice system in this country. I doubt that that is a very controversial statement. As with the present Board, I do not wish to refer merely to the criminal justice system, but rather to the whole range of legal services that are, in theory, available to every American with the ability to pay. Do any among us doubt that to be poor, black or otherwise deprived means that such services are not, in fact, available to us? Do any doubt that citizenship in this country means that we are entitled to receive, diluted legal services and uncertain justice?

I believe the existence of this inequality in the delivery of legal services is a pervasive cynicism on the part of the public about the system, both within and about law and lawyers. Our people are not blind. They know beyond doubt that the rich and powerful have ready access to the best lawyers and that if such persons happen to be caught up in the criminal justice system, they have a disproportionate chance of escaping serious punishment. Ours is not the first among only a certainty in which such inequality has existed, but because our society is premised upon the rule of law, we must fail to keep that promise is far more serious.

There is much public discussion by leaders of the bar as to why lawyers are currently held in such low esteem. The heavy involvement of lawyers in the Watergate scandal has, in my opinion, gone some as an explanation for the loss of public confidence in our profession.

The real explanation, however, is at once more complicated and more serious. This becomes clear if, as noted above, one puts oneself in the position of a poor person in most American communities. Is that poor person likely to have the above by obtaining legal services to help him deal with a creditor, negotiate with a landlord or a landlord, arrange for the appropriate disposition of his few possessions? In the great majority of cases, the answer must be no.

It is true that some lawyers believe that no legal system can hope to attain a level of perfect quality in the provision of legal services. I have here in mind true that in some parts of our country, elements of the organized bar are vanguard of efforts to extend adequate legal services to the poor and to deal with obvious inequalities in the treatment of those who become involved in the criminal justice system. I have here in mind the National Center for State Courts.

As with the present Board, I do not wish to refer merely to the criminal justice system, but rather to the whole range of legal services that are, in theory, available to every American with the ability to pay. Do any doubt that the rich and powerful have ready access to the best lawyers and that if such persons happen to be caught up in the criminal justice system, they have a disproportionate chance of escaping serious punishment. Ours is not the first among only a certainty in which such inequality has existed, but because our society is premised upon the rule of law, we must fail to keep that promise is far more serious.

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Four Vie For Second-Year Rep.

Slesinger seeks Alumni Post

I am running for the office of the Director of Alumni Relations. In addition to coordinating the annual Homecoming cocktail party and the Barrister's Ball, the overall purpose of this office is to serve as a liaison between the students and the alumni of Marshall-Wythe. The importance of maintaining continuous contact with our alumni cannot be overemphasized.

As all of us well know, our law school is experiencing serious growing pains. The size of each entering class is twice what it was a few years ago, with a twofold result: Not only do we desperately need a new physical plant, but also, our alumni population is just beginning to grow. Marshall-Wythe is going through a crucial period in its history during which alumni support is needed more than ever.

Without an effective link between the school and its graduates, not only will the school suffer in the short run, but the long term effects could be devastating.

I feel that a list of credentials for this office is unnecessary — my principal credential for the job is that I care about Marshall-Wythe and how it can come to be the victim of further neglect by the state. One major mammal which I hope to avoid this fate is to continue our rapport with our alumni.

Society Lecture

The Mary and William Low Society will present a special program on Thursday, March 3rd at 2 p.m. in the St. Bliss Room of the Campus Center. Two female lawyers from the Attorney General's office will talk about their personal and professional experiences.

Ms. Debra Prillaman graduated from Marshall-Wythe in 1975 and is working with the Department of Highways and Transportation.

Ms. Karen C. Kincannon received her J.D. from the University of Virginia and has been working with the A.G.'s office since 1970. During this time Ms. Kincannon has been legal advisor for University of Virginia, Chief of the Health-Welfare Section, and most currently, Special Assistant to the Attorney General for MCV-VCU.

Bourassa

I was talking to a taxi-driver in Williamsburg some time ago, and he mentioned in a semi-digusted way that things had sure changed around here. I asked him what he meant by that, and he said that at one time you didn't find the streets so deserted; the students were out and the townpeople were out and talking together. Now, he said as he shook his head, now, the students just walk around like they own the place and they don't give a damn.

Well, who cares, one might ask. Let me suggest an answer.

Right now the prevalent concern in a lot of people's minds here is the funding of the new law school. Or, as someone in the first year class put it: "What is lost at this law school is accreditation and most of our class after this year."

It was said in jest, but it is an accurate reflection of what a lot of us are worried about. Our recent developments in the Virginia legislature are indicative of its financial two-year season, the people of this state are going to have a lot to say, in the form of referendum, and how this problem is resolved.

If we remain isolated, it is only going to affect our interests. I believe it is instrumental therefore that we begin to work to increase public awareness of the importance of this law school to the state, and the functions it can play in its future.

The solution cannot be left exclusively to those elected members of the SBA Board. The scope of the problems affects all of us; accordingly, I am soliciting your ideas about the nature of such an endeavor.

The fact that most of our concerns at this time are centered around the accreditation problems should not lead us to ignore other aspects of life here, however. The isolation we too often find ourselves in is not limited to isolation from the community as a whole. With the exception of the emigration to sorority court, our contact with undergraduates

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Pickard

My first action upon being elected SBA representative would be to suggest that the SBA appoint a committee which would investigate communication around the law school. So many times this year I have heard students complain, "Oh, if I had only known about that I would have gone." The school's method of using six bulletin boards spread all over the school and a table in the library to communicate announcements of general import can be improved upon with little expense.

Communication is the key to having an active and knowledgeable student body.

One of the brightest lights in communicating information pertinent to the law school is the Amicus. I think this is an excellent newspaper, and I heartily praise its content and style. I would suggest that its circulation date be moved away from Friday afternoon. If the newspaper were published the day sooner then everyone coming to school for Friday classes could have the copy. With the Friday publication, many students who were sick or who just do not have occasion to use the library on the weekend do not get a copy and this puts one out of communication for two weeks until the next issue comes out.

I would like to see the SBA publish a "Students Guide To Courses." At a first year student, I have not had to make a choice in my registration for courses yet, but anticipating next fall's registration, I have already begun asking second and third year students for their recommendations about various courses and teachers. Wouldn't it be much easier for all of us to choose our courses if there was a pamphlet published each year with a course description from the student's point of view? Every student has a substantial investment in each course that he takes at Marshall-Wythe, and therefore a student has a right to know as much as possible about each class to help him determine where his time and effort will best be used. It would be easy to organize such a pamphlet if the SBA would appropriate the money to pay for it. When course evaluations are filled out, an

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Kennedy

I want to be the Student Bar Association representative for the second year class because I believe the SBA needs somebody who will work and who will listen. The function of a student representative is to take the problems that her class is having and solve them with the resources of the Student Bar Association.

The student representative is also a transmitter to the SBA and the administration of the students' ideas about improving the law school. The student representatives' main purpose is to channel the ideas of their class into a productive outlet to produce results.

I want to listen to what is bothering our class and do something about it. This past year I have worked on the lobby group for the new law school and I want to continue to try and improve our financial situation in that respect. Other projects that need support are:

1) Self-scheduling of exams
2) A better variety of vending machines in the lounge and fresh orange juice every morning
3) Wider dissemination of scholarship and loan information to the school and to the incoming class

I know that there are many other things that could be added to that list. Tell me. I'll listen and try to do something about them. I hope I can try as your second year student rep.

Hill

To one possessing the mentality of a typical political candidate, few things are quite so alluring as the opportunity to announce to an anxiously awaiting world one's deeply-felt concern for whatever weighty issues are currently begging to be beaten to death atop every available soap box and bar stool. The prosecuting candidate for law school office, however, has long since realized that the issues which are really important are those over which she has little control.

It is inane to assert that a student rep can single-handedly retain our accreditation, but this is not to say that their functions is to champion every insignificant cause and complain either.

Certainly there can be no denying that there is an incipient movement among the male students to have the walls of the men's rooms repainted in order to inscribe a fresh batch of graffiti thereon; yet one in the position of an SBA representative cannot in good conscience be heard to advocate such trivial, albeit desirable, proposals.

A compromise must be reached involving the numerous ongoing student representative concerns which can be dealt with by the student governing body to make the present facilities realize their maximum capability.

Foremost among these is the library, a problem near and dear to all our hearts. The extended hours and reorganization of volumes are welcome improvements, but better lighting is needed in the "dungeon" where students have been known to grope in the dark for days in search of a missing report.

In addition, no special privilege for after-hour usage should be given to any one student group if the same advantage is not available to all, and an open door policy between the library and the most court room during class hours would facilitate the flow of information.

Another area of possible reformulation is the faculty evaluations. Their usefulness could be increased several-fold by a compilation of the results. This would provide a means to tenure matters and by students in their selection of elective classes.

CARTOON CONTEST

Six-pack of Heineken for Best Original Cartoon on the Law School

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I am running for third year representative because I feel that there are some vitally important issues presently before the S.B.A. that deserve the concentrated attention of a great deal of future work and, especially, continuity with efforts already made. These issues include the special concerns of the third year student, and also the entire law school community. I would like to address some of these issues and highlight the aspects which may affect third year students.

There are two major areas which concern the students—the social needs and the academic needs. Within the realm of social needs fall such things as the coffee bar, parking, class-faculty communication, alumni relations and social events. The coffee bar has been a major headache, but it will be a more efficient service in the future due to communications with Odgen Food Service and the College. Notably, parking facility should improve next year with the completion of the lot behind Thiemis. Forty new spaces are promised, but follow up on this issue is important.

I have been working with the Campus Committee on Transportation to have the lot designated solely for graduate student parking. I would like to continue this work next fall as our prospects look good.

The academic area is that which most intimately affects all students and is my chief concern now. The issue of an open examination schedule will be before all the students in this election. Such a policy change will need the unified support of all classes. I feel that a change in the present system would upgrade the quality of exam period as an intellectual exercise rather than an endurance contest. I vigorously support some type of open exam schedule and wish very much to continue working in this area for next year. The third year class could still benefit greatly from such a policy change.

Another issue which has been before the S.B.A. is library access. Students use through extended hours has been accomplished, but there is more work to do to keep the library a good environment for students.